

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

BIG LOTS, INC., *et al.*,<sup>1</sup>

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 24-11967 (JKS)

(Jointly Administered)

**OBJECTION OF EVP AUBURN, LLC TO  
TENTH POST-CLOSING DESIGNATION NOTICE**

EVP Auburn, LLC (“EVP”), hereby submits its objection to the above captioned Debtors’ *Notice of Filing of Tenth Post-Closing Designation Notice* (the “Cure Notice”) (D.I. 1994). In support of its Objection, EVP states as follows:

**RELEVANT BACKGROUND**

1. On September 9, 2024 (the “Petition Date”), the above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (the “Debtors”) filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”). (D.I. 1). Upon information and belief, the Debtors continue to operate their business under sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code.

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<sup>1</sup> The debtors and debtors in possession in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four digits of their respective employer identification numbers, are as follows: Great Basin, LLC (6158); Big Lots, Inc. (9097); Big Lots Management, LLC (7948); Consolidated Property Holdings, LLC (0984); Broyhill LLC (7868); Big Lots Stores - PNS, LLC (5262); Big Lots Stores, LLC (6811); BLBO Tenant, LLC (0552); Big Lots Stores - CSR, LLC (6182); CSC Distribution LLC (8785); Closeout Distribution, LLC (0309); Durant DC, LLC (2033); AVDC, LLC (3400); GAFDC LLC (8673); PAFDC LLC (2377); WAFDC, LLC (6163); INFDC, LLC (2820); Big Lots eCommerce LLC (9612); and Big Lots F&S, LLC (3277). The address of the debtors’ corporate headquarters is 4900 E. Dublin-Granville Road, Columbus, OH 43081.

2. EVP leases the premises located at Auburn Plaza, 730 Center Stret, Auburn, ME 04210 (the “Premises”) to Big Lots Stores, Inc., one of the above-captioned debtors and debtors-in-possession (the “Debtor”) pursuant to a lease (the “Lease”).

3. Debtors are currently behind in their rent for the month of September, 2024 in the amount of \$11,250 plus CAM in the amount of \$3,775.71 for 2023, plus estimated CAM Recovery for September 2024 in the amount of \$1,918.32, plus estimated insurance recovery for September 2024 in the amount of \$725.82 and estimated tax recovery for September 2024 in the amount of \$2,910.01 for a total of \$20,579.86.

### **OBJECTION**

4. The Lease for the Premises is identified on the Cure Notice, but with a purported cure amount of \$4,481.11. To the extent the Debtors seek to assume and assign the Lease, EVP objects to the assumption to the extent the cure amount is incorrect and to the extent not enough information has been provided regarding the assignee’s ability to provide adequate assurance of future performance.

#### **A. Objection to the Proposed Cure Amount**

5. Pursuant to sections 365(b)(1) and 365(f)(2)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code, prior to assumption of a contract in default, (i) the trustee must cure or provide adequate assurance that the trustee will promptly cure a default; (ii) compensate, or provide adequate assurance of prompt compensation, of a party other than the debtor to such contract, for any actual pecuniary loss to such party resulting from such default; and (iii) provide adequate assurance of future performance under such contract.

6. EVP objects to the Cure Notice as it fails to provide the correct cure amount for all amounts currently due and for additional amounts which may be incurred by the time of assumption of the contract.

**B. Adequate Assurance and Clarification Regarding Counterparties to the Assumed Contracts and their Respective Obligations**

7. EVP also objects to the assumption and assignment of the Lease Agreement as it has not been provided with adequate assurance of future performance.

8. Adequate assurance of future performance “is considered to be something less than an absolute guarantee.” *In re DBSI, Inc.*, 405 B.R. 698, 708 (Bankr. D. Del. 2009) (quoting *In re PRK Enters., Inc.*, 235 B.R. 597, 603 (Bankr. E.D. Tex. 1999)). To determine what constitutes adequate assurance of future performance, the Court must evaluate the facts and circumstances of each case. *Id.*; see *In re Fleming Companies*, 499 F.3d 300, 307 (3d Cir. 2007) (“Adequate assurance of future performance are not words of art; the legislative history of the Bankruptcy Code shows that they were intended to be given a practical, pragmatic construction,” and “must be determined by consideration of the facts of the proposed assumption.” (quoting *Cinicola v. Scharffenberger*, 248 F.3d 110, 120 n.10 (3d Cir. 2001))).

9. In order for EVP to determine that sufficient adequate assurance is provided, at a minimum, it must be able to evaluate the financial ability of the purported assignee of the Lease.

**Joinder**

10. EVP hereby joins in and incorporates by reference any objections filed by other contract counter-parties to the assumption and assignment of their contracts.

**RESERVATION OF RIGHTS**

11. EVP reserves its right to amend, modify or supplement this Objection and to raise any additional arguments and objections as permitted under applicable law, including without

limitation, the right to objections regarding adequate assurance of future performance under section 365.

**CONCLUSION**

WHEREFORE, EVP respectfully requests that the Court enter an Order (i) sustaining this Objection to the extent that the Debtors do not rectify the cure amount as set forth herein and requiring any order authorizing the assumption of any agreements of EVP to include the cure amounts set forth herein; and (ii) granting EVP such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: February 28, 2025

**GELLERT SEITZ BUSENKELL & BROWN, LLC**

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